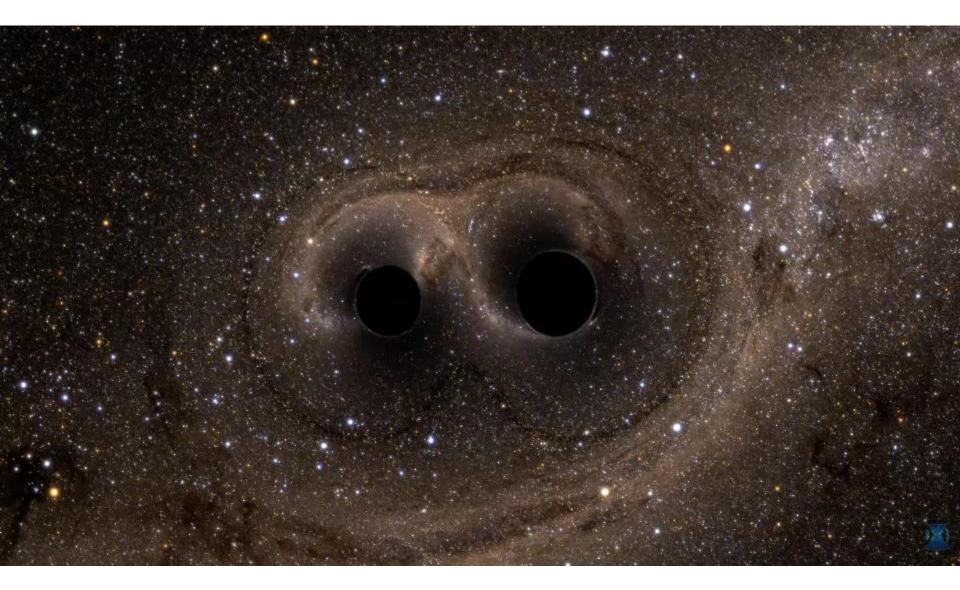
FROM INSTRUMENT& TION TO &STROPHYSICS: & JOURNEY IN COLL&BOR&TIVE SCIENCE



Zsuzsa Marka Columbia University

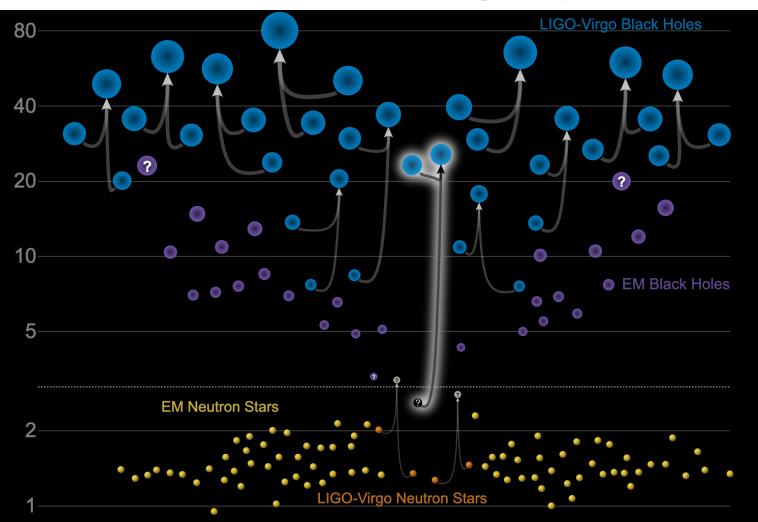
23 June 2020 Summer Colloquium Series



OPEN ACCESS



GW190814: Gravitational Waves from the Coalescence of a 23 Solar Mass Black Hole with a 2.6 Solar Mass Compact Object



Updated 2020-05-16 LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

My personal journey stared two decades ago



Image credit: LIGO Laboratory



Surprise in LIGO Document Control Center 🙂

3/27/2001

T000131-00-H

LASER INTERFEROMETER ORAVITATIONAL WAVE OBSERVATORY -LIGO-CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Document Type LIGO-T000131-00-H	26 March 2001				
Accessing the Quanterra 4128 Datalogger Via Its Web Interface					
Stabolcs Márka and Zsuzsa Márka					

Distribution of this draft: LIOO

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WWW: http://www.ligo.caltech.edu/

3/27/2001

The first line gives the channel, start time, spacing and the number of data points. The next lines contain the data. You can use the following Unix script to produce a single column of data:

'cat_sdatafile.mames | awk_'(a++;if(a>1) {{for(i=1;i<=MF;i++) {print \$i}}})' > snow.files'

Choosing the SAC ASCII option writes a file-format usually provided by USGS stations, with the header giving the detailed station information (e.g. latitude, longitude etc.).

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Acknowledgement: I would like to thank my wife Zoursa Marka for her help to prepare this document.

Contact: Please do not heritate to contact me if you have any comments or questions regarding this document! (Szabi Marka, <u>smarka@ligo.cabech.edu</u>)

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Magdolna Hargittai István Hargittai

Symmetry through the Eyes of a Chemist

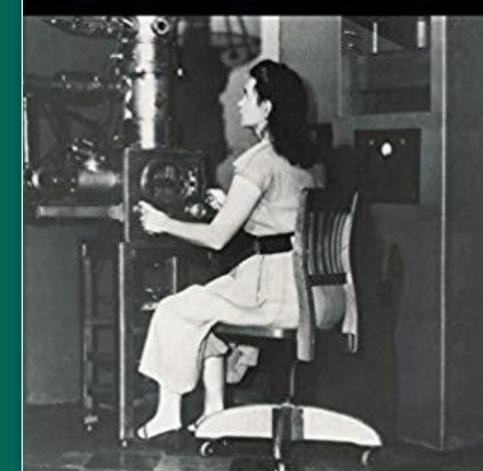
3rd Edition



Women Scientists

Reflections, Challenges, and Breaking Boundaries

Magdolna Hargittai



On Switching Fields..

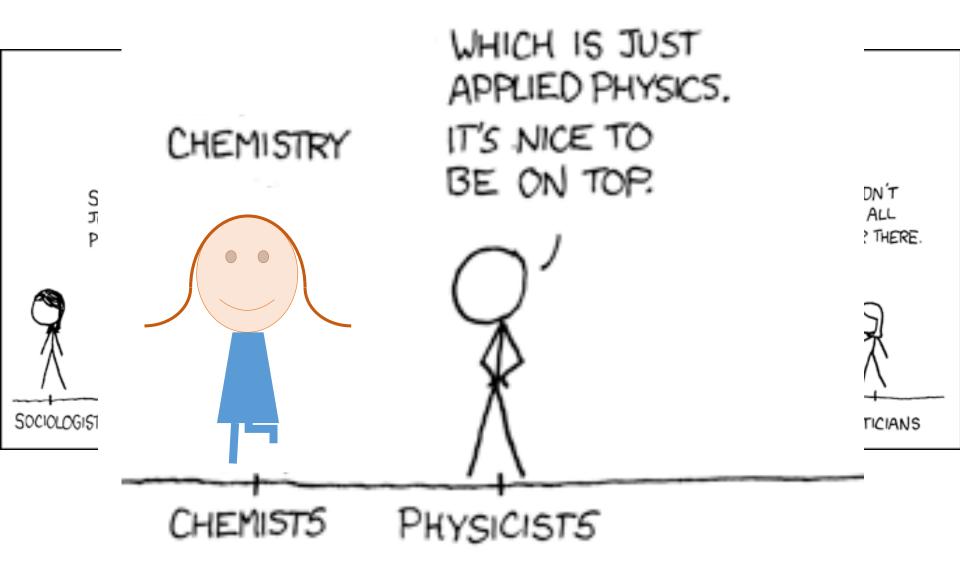
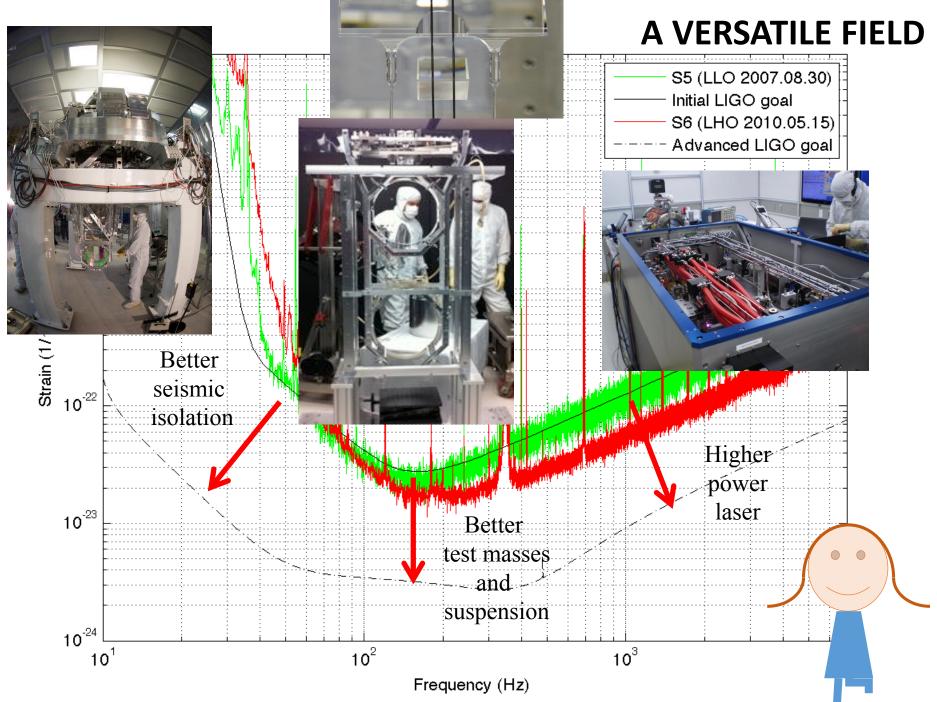


Image from https://xkcd.com/435/

Why GW physics?

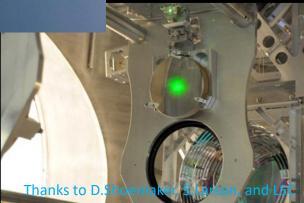


Courtesy of LIGO and LSC

Advanced LIGO











Collaboration!



Collaboration!

Pushing the limits in measuring the smallest ever possible displacement

Data Analysis Challenges

Opening a new window to the Universe

International factor! Diversity

Travel



Long telecons

ZOOM

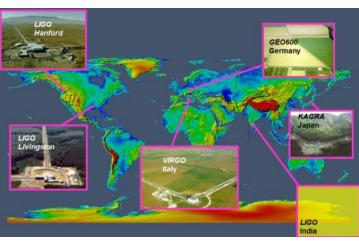
Human nature, unfair competitions, harassment

Email load

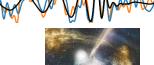


Wonderful students Excitement of the Public including the Young Generation!



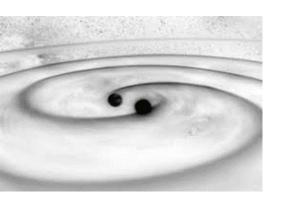


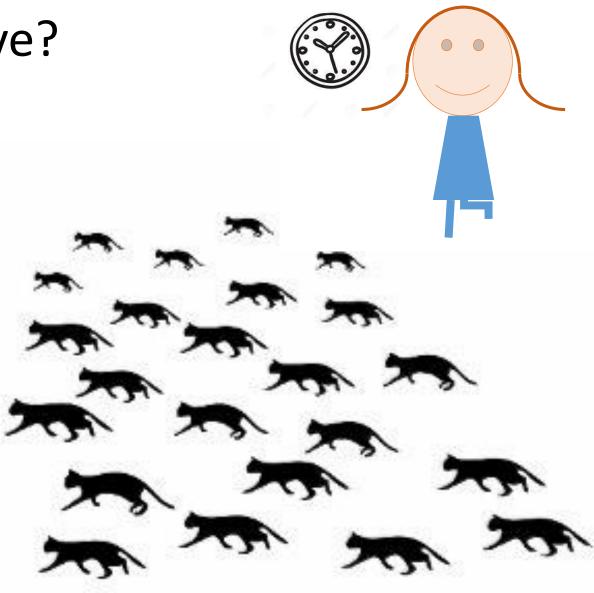




FUN, FUN, FUN



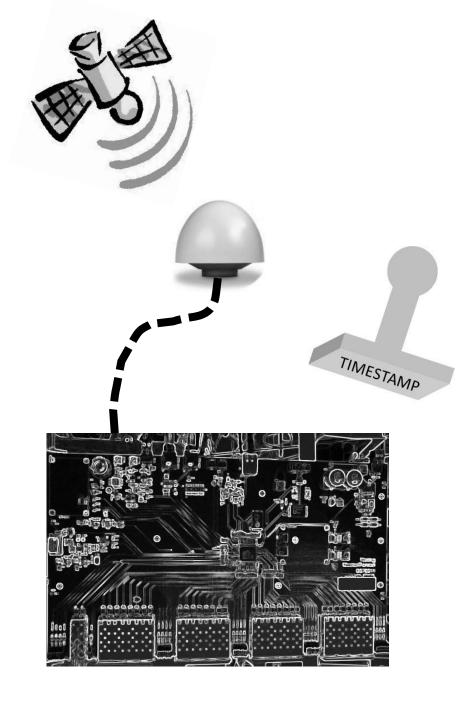


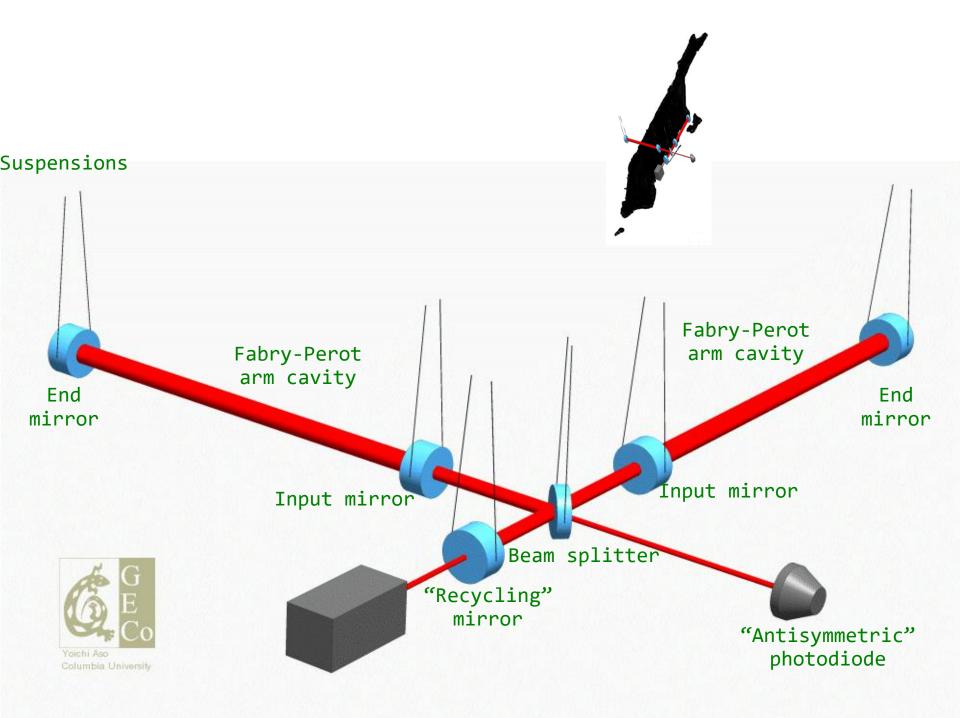


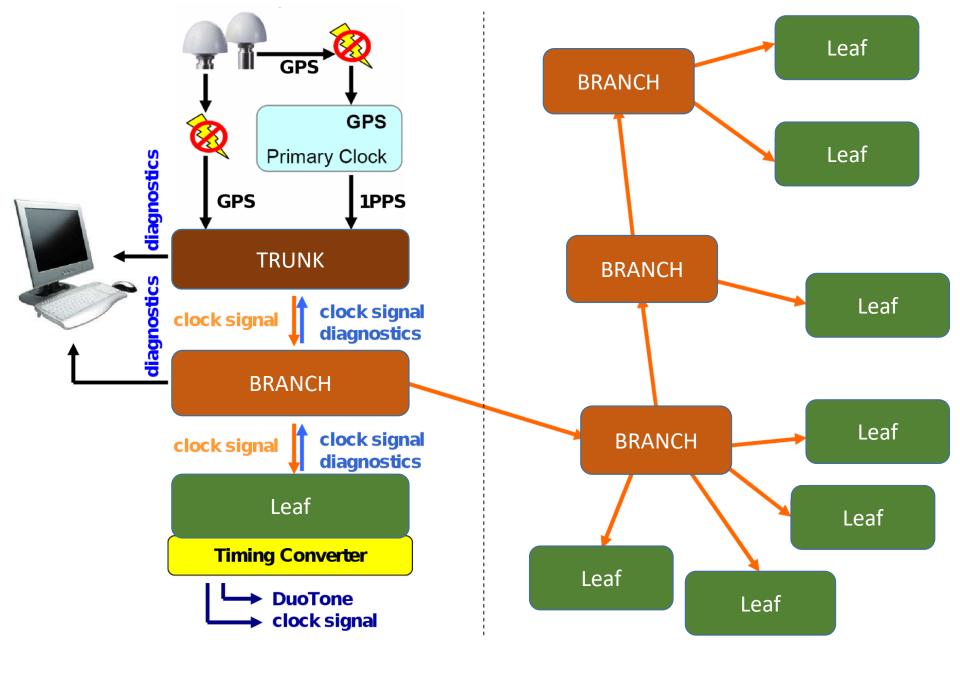
RUTH BELVILLE The Greenwich Time Lady

Ruth Belville outside the gates of the Greenwich Observatory 1908 DAVID ROONEY

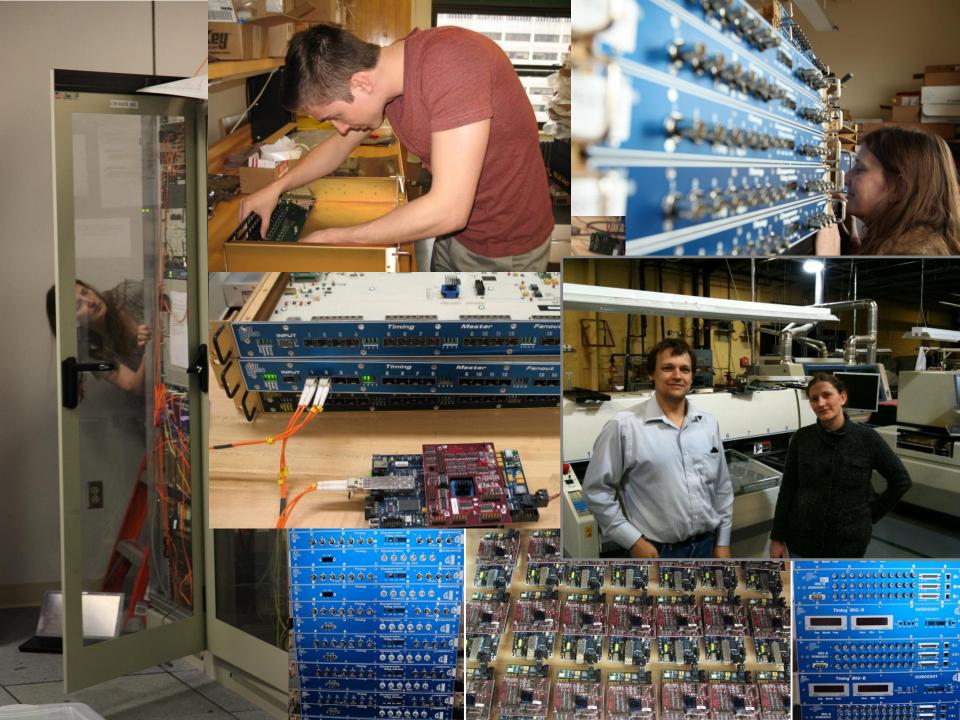
Ruth's mother, Maria in 1892, Inherited the business from her husband, John Henry







Bartos et al, CQG 2010





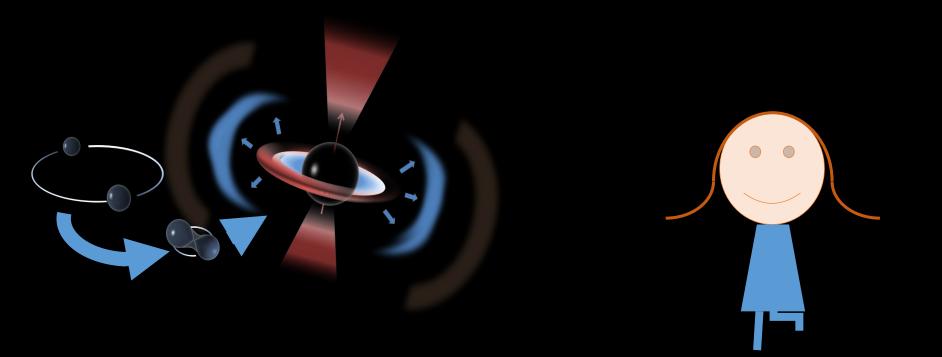


FROM INSTRUMENT& TION TO &STROPHYSICS: & JOURNEY IN COLL&BOR&TIVE SCIENCE



Zsuzsa Marka Columbia University

23 June 2020 Summer Colloquium Series



Multimessenger Astronomy Immediately!

LIGO Magazine: https://www.ligo.org/magazine/LIGO-magazine-issue13.pdf

The Early Years: The Multi-Messenger Effort in LIGO

he first multimessenger astronomy discussion I remember took place during a dinner in Louisiana, and the topic was SN1987A. Soon after, Szabi Márka proposed LIGO multimessenger efforts to Barry Barish, who enthusiastically supported them. The LSC joined SNEWS, the SuperNova Early Warning System, and initiated multimessenger search related code development with vigor and enthusiasm.

A joint detection from a supernova is still a long shot with current detector sensitivities, but definitely it is worth waiting for. On the other hand, gamma ray bursts (GRBs), especially the short kind, were excellent candidates. LIGO started to receive GCN circulars originally on an old Sun workstation that



is a long time LIGO member in the Columbia Experimental Gravity group, and works on timing diagnostics and multimessenger searches. She has 4 children, who are what she

is the most proud of in her life.

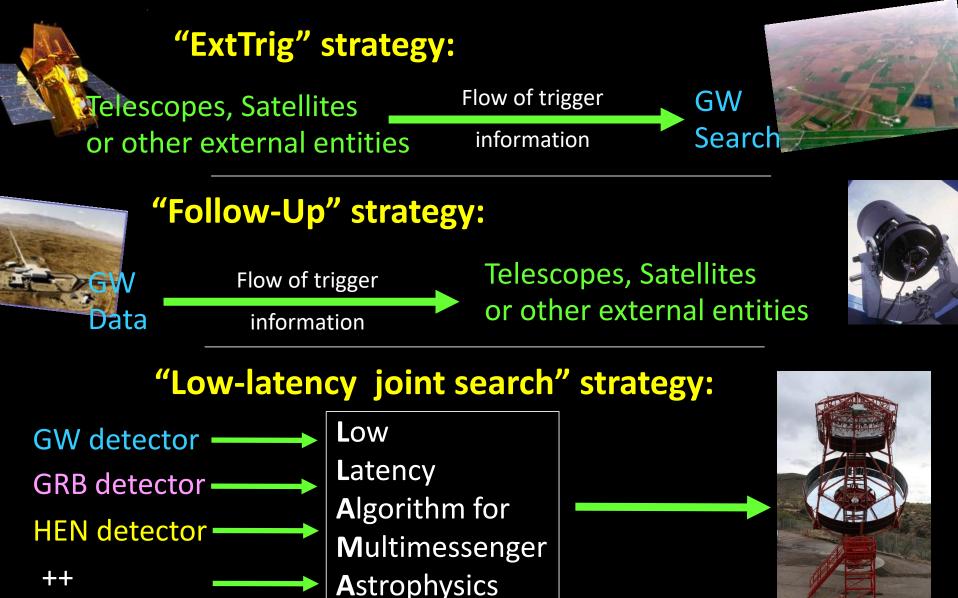
to be. Except for some innovative faculty, mostly postdocs and graduate students were the driving forces behind the vision. Virgo members also joined the effort. I vividly remember hearing Alessandra Corsi's voice over the phone as she talked about the hallmark Virgo-GRB analysis. Beyond GRB related

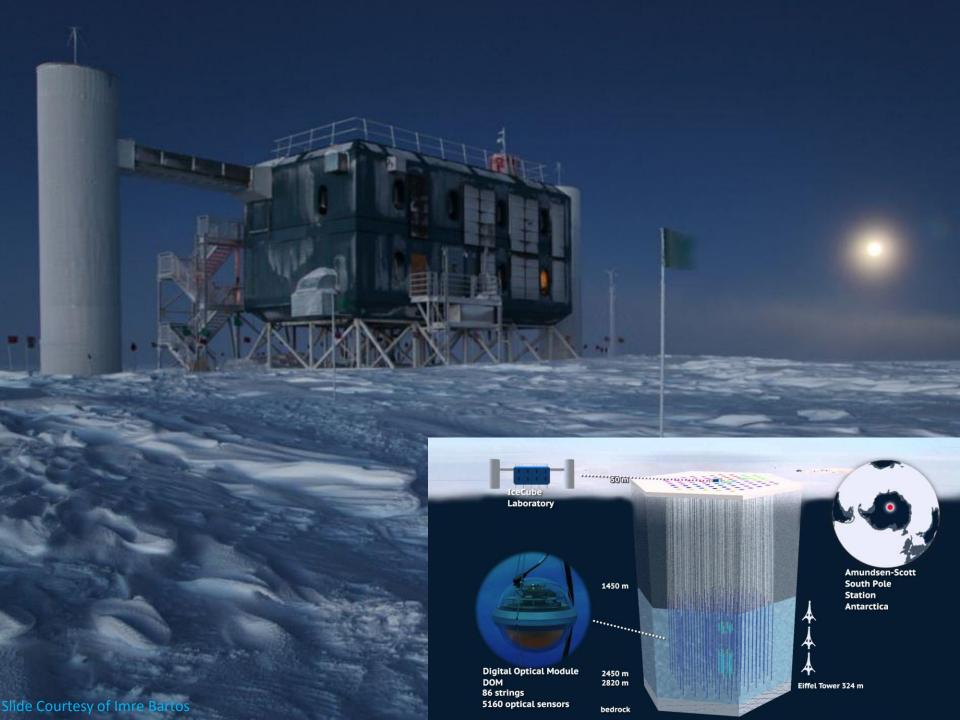
Zsuzsa Márka

submitted an abstract, with Yoichi Aso joining the team, for a poster for the upcoming Gravitational Wave Data Analysis Workshop. It was clear that a correlation analysis of gravitational wave data and IceCube events was promising and should be pursued further. As of writing, the latest news from IceCube was just announced: On September 22, 2017 the IceCube Neutrino Observatory detected its first multimessenger event, a high-energy neutrino associated with a flaring blazar. I was especially pleased to see that the so far missing 'holy grail', a GW/high-energy neutrino event (maybe with an electromagnetic counterpart) was highlighted as an ultimate goal at the press conference. Only nature can tell, we must keep searching.

Basic Glossary: Multimessenger Approaches

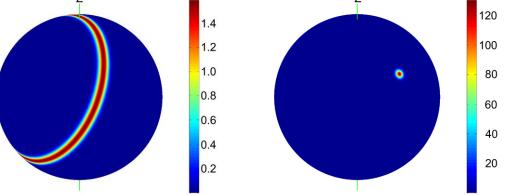
"Multi-messenger astrophysics": connecting different kinds of observations of the same astrophysical event or system





Multimessenger searches for GWs with LIGO: HENs

High-energy neutrino – GW multimessenger studies since 2006



[&]quot;Search method for coincident events from LIGO and IceCube detectors" Class. Quantum Gravity, 25, 114039, 2008

Astrophysics, Theory development, Method and Team building: GWHEN <= LIGO, Virgo, Icecube, ANTARES

Y. Aso, Z. Marka, C. Finley, J. Dwyer, K. Kotake, S. Marka, "Search method for coincident events from LIGO and IceCube detectors" Class. Quantum Gravity, 25, 114039, 2008

Baret et al., "Bounding the **time delay** between high-energy neutrinos and gravitational-wave transients from gamma-ray bursts", Astroparticle Physics, 35,

Ando et al., "Colloquium: Multimessenger astronomy with gravitational waves and high-energy neutrinos", Rev. Mod. Phys. 85, 1401-1420, 2013

Bartos et al., "Observational Constraints on Multimessenger Sources of Gravitational Waves and High-Energy Neutrinos", Physical Review Letters, 107, 251101, 2011

Baret et al., "Multimessenger Science Reach and Analysis Method for Common Sources of Gravitational Waves and High-energy Neutrinos", Physical Review D, 85, 103004, 2012

Aartsen et al., "Multimessenger search for sources of gravitational waves and high-energy neutrinos: Initial results for LIGO-Virgo and IceCube", Physical Review D, 90, 102002, 2014 (Initial LIGO/Virgo era search)

Observational Result from O1/O2



High-energy Neutrino follow-up search of Gravitational Wave Event GW150914 with ANTARES and IceCube, Antares Collaboration, IceCube Collaboration, LIGO Scientific Collaboration, Virgo Collaboration, arXiv:1602.05411, 2016

Search for high-energy neutrinos from gravitational wave event GW151226 and candidate LVT151012 with ANTARES and IceCube, Albert et al., Physical Review D, 96, 022005, 2017

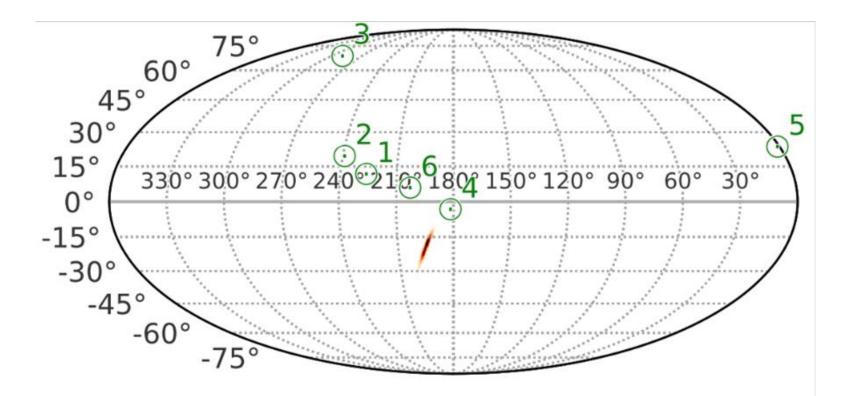
Search for High-energy Neutrinos from Binary Neutron Star Merger GW170817 with ANTARES, IceCube, and the Pierre Auger Observatory, Albert et al., The Astrophysical Journal, 850, L35, 2017

Search for Multi-messenger Sources of Gravitational Waves and High-energy Neutrinos with Advanced LIGO during its first Observing Run, ANTARES and IceCube, ANTARES, IceCube,LIGO, Virgo Collaborations, Astrophys.J. 870, 134, 2019

Aartsen M. G., et al.; *IceCube Search for Neutrinos Coincident with Compact Binary Mergers from LIGO-Virgo's First Gravitational-Wave Transient Catalog*; arXiv e-prints, arXiv:2004.02910, 2020

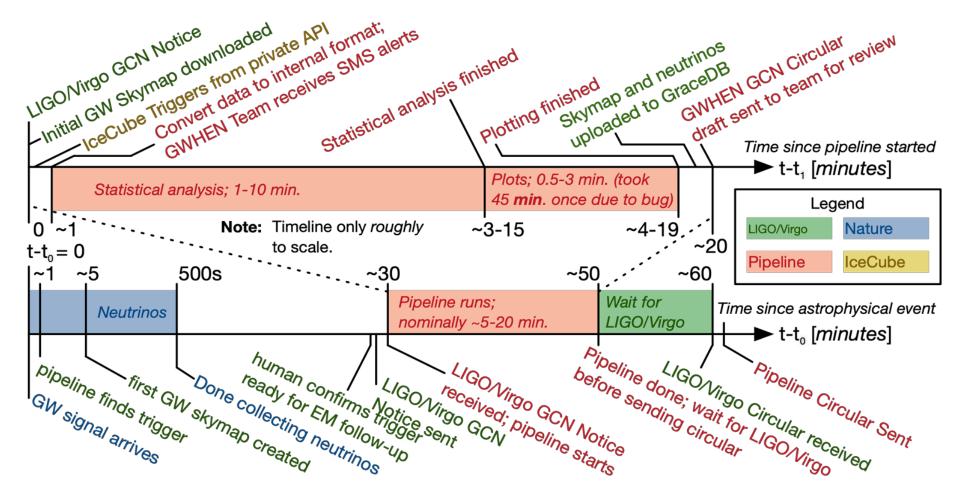
O2 Low-latency Analysis Pipeline

- Working low-latency GW+HEN analysis during O2
- Interface with IceCube, LIGO via GraceDB
- results via GCN Circulars (Can add Notices)



Low-Latency Algorithm for Multi-messenger Astrophysics (LLAMA) with Gravitational-Wave and High-Energy Neutrino Candidates

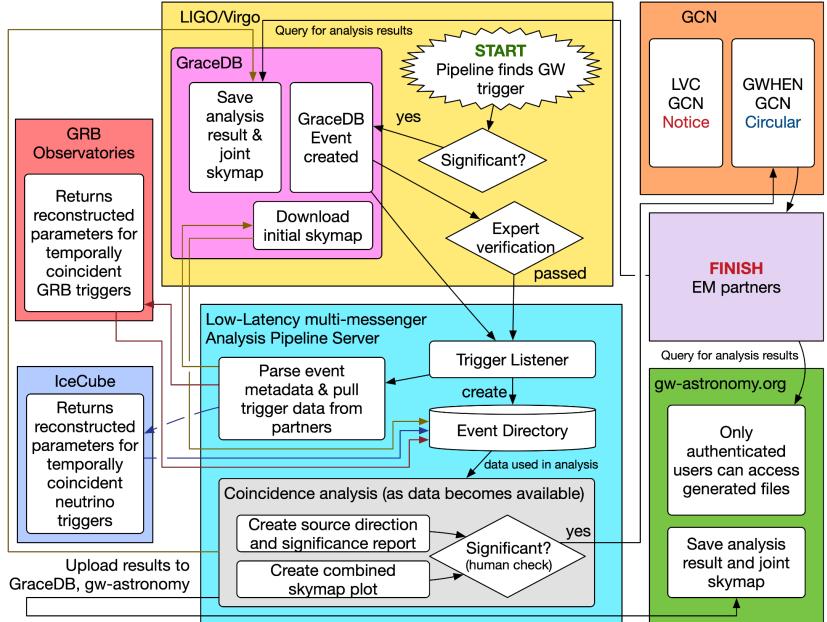
Fastest and most mature Low-Latency method with long history, standard in O2



Countryman et al. arXiv:1901.05486v1

Low-Latency Algorithm for Multi-messenger Astrophysics (LLAMA)

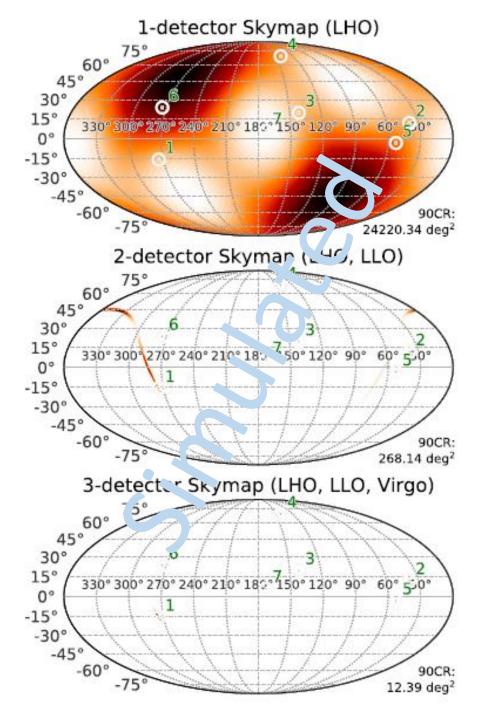
EXTENDABLE The multimessenger analysis method/tool used with other messengers.



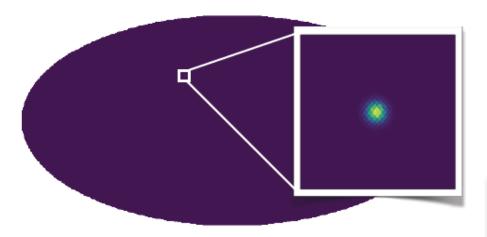
- Is it a real event?
- A chance coincidence of two background events?
- A chance coincidence of an astrophysical signal and a background event?

Bartos, Veske, et al. *Bayesian Multi-Messenger Search Method for Common Sources of Gravitational Waves and High-Energy Neutrinos* arXiv:1810.11467v2

incorporation of **astrophysical priors** and **detector characteristics** following a Bayesian approach



S200213t-3-Initial GW+v+Swift-XRT





- 3rd Swift ToO pointing under Azadeh's proposal
- Good event localization, used Swift's tiling algorithm
- Nothing found in Swift-XRT

NUMBER: 27121

SUBJECT: LIGO/Virgo (S200213t/IceCube neutrino candidate: No counterpart candidates in the Swift-XRT Observations

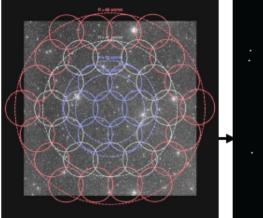
S. Countryman (Columbia U.), P. A. Evans (U. Leicester), A. Tohuvavohu (PSU), A. Keivani (Columbia U.), J. A. Kennea (PSU), S. Marka (Columbia U.), S. Marka (Columbia U.), I. Bartos (U. Florida), D. B. Fox (PSU), N.J. Klingler (PSU)

• • •

In total we found 3 "good" X-ray sources, all of which were classified as "rank 3", i.e. uncatalogued in X-rays, but with fluxes below historical upper limits. 2 further rank 3 sources were found with detection flag of "poor", indicating that they are likely spurious. Details of the good sources are:

	Source ID	RA	Dec	Err90	Flux*
►	s200213t_x2	03h 01m 23.65s	+31d 42' 02.3"	5.8"	7.9e-13
	S200213t_X4	02h 59m 58.48s	+31d 28' 17.1"	7.1"	2.2e-13
	S200213t_X6	03h 00m 16.09s	+31d 58' 48.9"	4.7"	2.3e-13

Full details of all sources are available at: https://www.swift.ac.uk/LVC/S200213t/







ODDS RATIO For any GW+HEN detection on this GW trigger (decomposed into partial fractions)



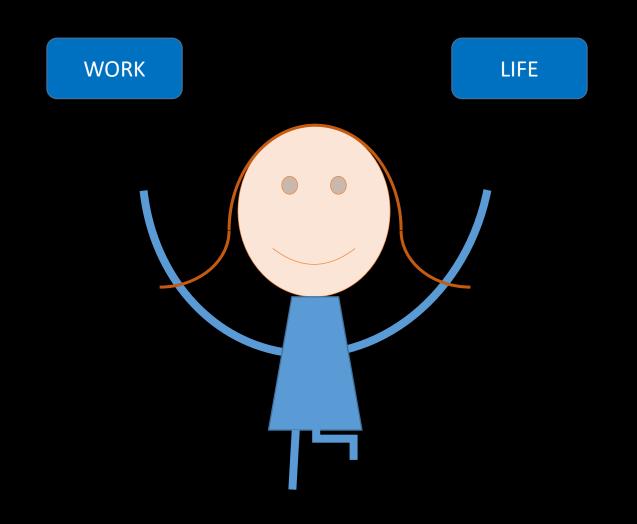


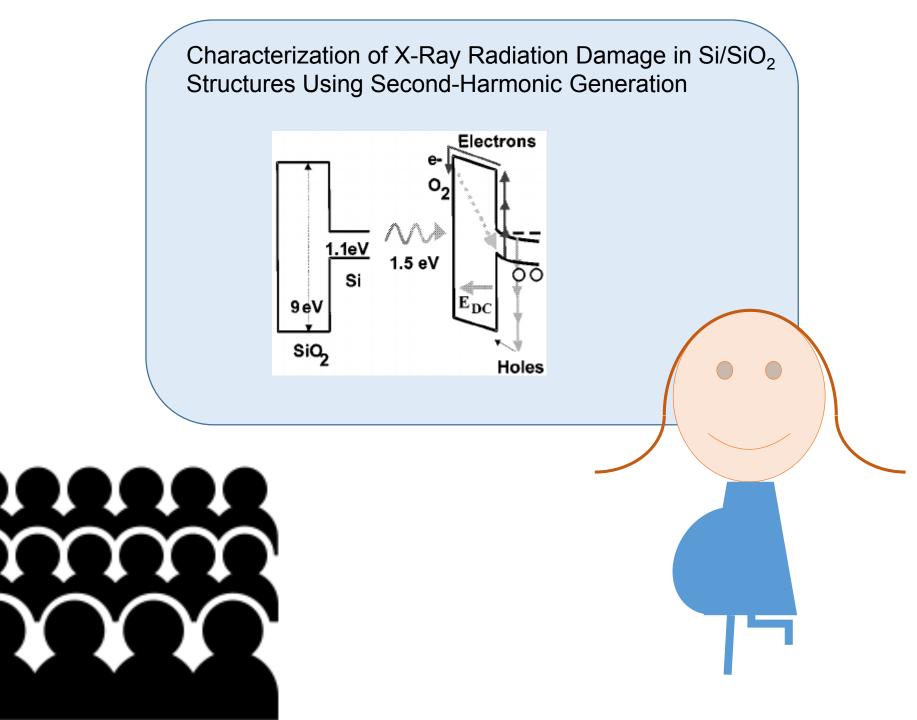












Characterization of Carrier Injection and Recombination Processes at Si/SiO₂ Interf Intense, Tunable, Ultra-Fast Laser Pump-P Techniques

Thesis Defense

